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- (ii) Other address(es) used,
- (iii) Other FEIN(s) or Social Security Numbers(s) (or ITINs) used,
 - (iv) Other NPI(s) used,
- (v) State license (including certification and registration) number(s) and the name(s) of the state or territory in which the license is held,
- (vi) Other numbers assigned by Federal or state agencies, including, but not limited to DEA registration number(s), Clinical Laboratory Improvement Act (CLIA) number(s), Food and Drug Administration (FDA) number(s), and Medicaid and Medicare provider number(s),
- (vii) Names and titles of principal officers and owners.
- (viii) Name(s) and address(es) of any health care entity with which the subject is affiliated or associated, and
- (ix) Nature of the subject's relationship to each associated or affiliated health care entity.
 - (4) For all subjects:
 - (i) Prosecuting agency's case number,
 - (ii) Investigative agencies involved,
- (iii) Investigative agencies case or file number(s), and
 - (iv) The date of appeal, if any.
- (d) Access to documents. Each state must provide the Secretary (or an entity designated by the Secretary) with access to the documents underlying the actions described in paragraphs (a)(1) through (4) of this section, as may be necessary for the Secretary to determine the facts and circumstances concerning the actions and determinations for the purpose of carrying out section 1921.
- (e) Sanctions for failure to report. The Secretary will provide for publication of a public report that identifies those agencies that have failed to report information on criminal convictions as required to be reported under this section.

[78 FR 20484, April 5, 2013, 78 FR 25860, May 6, 20131

§ 60.14 Reporting civil judgments related to the delivery of a health care item or service.

(a) Who must report. Federal and state attorneys and health plans must report civil judgments against health care practitioners, providers, or suppliers related to the delivery of a health care

item or service (regardless of whether the civil judgment is the subject of a pending appeal). If a government agency is party to a multi-claimant civil judgment, it must assume the responsibility for reporting the entire action, including all amounts awarded to all the claimants, both public and private. If there is no government agency as a party, but there are multiple health plans as claimants, the health plan which receives the largest award must be responsible for reporting the total action for all parties.

- (b) What information must be reported. Entities described in paragraph (a) of this section must report the information as required in §60.13(b) of this part.
- (c) What information may be reported, if known. Entities described in paragraph (a) of this section should report, if known the information as described in §60.13(c) of this part.
- (d) Access to documents. Each state must provide the Secretary (or an entity designated by the Secretary) with access to the documents underlying the actions described in paragraphs (a)(1) through (4) of this section, as may be necessary for the Secretary to determine the facts and circumstances concerning the actions and determinations for the purpose of carrying out section 1921
- (e) Sanctions for failure to report. Any health plan that fails to report information on a civil judgment required to be reported under this section will be subject to a civil money penalty (CMP) of not more than \$25,000 for each such adverse action not reported. Such penalty will be imposed and collected in the same manner as CMPs under subsection (a) of section 1128A of the Social Security Act. The Secretary will provide for publication of a public report that identifies those government agencies that have failed to report information on civil judgments as required to be reported under this sec-

§ 60.15 Reporting exclusions from participation in Federal or state health care programs.

(a) Who must report. Federal Government agencies and state law and fraud enforcement agencies must report

health care practitioners, providers, or suppliers excluded from participating in Federal or state health care programs, including exclusions that were made in a matter in which there was also a settlement that is not reported because no findings or admissions of liability have been made (regardless of whether the exclusion is the subject of a pending appeal).

- (b) What information must be reported. Entities described in paragraph (a) of this section must report the following information:
- (1) If the subject is an individual, personal identifiers, including:
 - (i) Name,
- (ii) Social Security Number (or ITIN) (state law and fraud enforcement agencies must report this information if known, and if obtained in accordance with section 7 of the Privacy Act of 1974).
- (iii) Home address or address of record.
 - (iv) Sex, and
 - (v) Date of birth.
- (2) If the subject is an individual, that individual's employment or professional identifiers, including:
 - (i) Organization name and type,
- (ii) Occupation and specialty, if applicable, and
- (iii) National Provider Identifier (NPI).
- (3) If the subject is an organization, identifiers, including:
 - (i) Name,
 - (ii) Business address,
- (iii) Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN) or Social Security Number (or ITIN) when used by the subject as a Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN),
 - (iv) The NPI, and
- (v) Type of organization.
- (4) For all subjects:
- (i) A narrative description of the acts or omissions and injuries upon which the reported action was based,
- (ii) Classification of the acts or omissions in accordance with a reporting code adopted by the Secretary,
- (iii) Classification of the action taken in accordance with a reporting code adopted by the Secretary, and the amount of any monetary penalty resulting from the reported action,

- (iv) The date the action was taken, its effective date and duration,
 - (v) If the action is on appeal,
- (vi) Name of the agency taking the action.
- (vii) Name and address of the reporting entity, and
- (viii) The name, title, and telephone number of the responsible official submitting the report on behalf of the reporting entity.
- (c) What information may be reported, if known. Entities described in paragraph (a) of this section should report, if known, the following information:
- (1) If the subject is an individual, personal identifiers, including:
 - (i) Other name(s) used,
 - (ii) Other address(es),
- (iii) FEIN, when used by the individual as a TIN.
- (iv) Name of each professional school attended and year of graduation, and
 - (v) If deceased, date of death.
- (2) If the subject is an individual, that individual's employment or professional identifiers, including:
- (i) State professional license (including professional registration and certification) number(s), field(s) of licensure, and the name(s) of the state or territory in which the license is held,
- (ii) Other numbers assigned by Federal or state agencies, including, but not limited to DEA registration number(s), Unique Physician Identification Number(s) (UPIN), and Medicaid and Medicare provider number(s),
- (iii) Name(s) and address(es) of any health care entity with which the subject is affiliated or associated, and
- (iv) Nature of the subject's relationship to each associated or affiliated health care entity.
- (3) If the subject is an organization, identifiers, including:
 - (i) Other name(s) used,
 - (ii) Other address(es) used,
- (iii) Other FEIN(s) or Social Security Numbers(s) (or ITINs) used,
 - (iv) Other NPI(s) used,
- (v) State license (including registration and certification) number(s) and the name(s) of the state or territory in which the license is held.
- (vi) Other numbers assigned by Federal or state agencies, including, but

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not limited to DEA registration number(s), Clinical Laboratory Improvement Act (CLIA) number(s), Food and Drug Administration (FDA) number(s), and Medicaid and Medicare provider number(s).

- (vii) Names and titles of principal officers and owners,
- (viii) Name(s) and address(es) of any health care entity with which the subject is affiliated or associated, and
- (ix) Nature of the subject's relationship to each associated or affiliated health care entity.
 - (4) For all subjects:
- (i) If the subject will be automatically reinstated, and
 - (ii) The date of appeal, if any.
- (d) Access to documents. Each state must provide the Secretary (or an entity designated by the Secretary) with access to the documents underlying the actions described in paragraphs (a)(1) through (4) of this section, as may be necessary for the Secretary to determine the facts and circumstances concerning the actions and determinations for the purpose of carrying out section 1921.
- (e) Sanctions for failure to report. The Secretary will provide for publication of a public report that identifies those government agencies that have failed to report information on exclusions or debarments as required to be reported under this section.

[78 FR 20484, April 5, 2013, 78 FR 25860, May 6, 2013]

§ 60.16 Reporting other adjudicated actions or decisions.

- (a) Who must report. Federal Government agencies, state law or fraud enforcement agencies, and health plans must report other adjudicated actions or decisions as defined in §60.3 of this part related to the delivery, payment or provision of a health care item or service against health care practitioners, providers, and suppliers (regardless of whether the other adjudicated action or decision is subject to a pending appeal).
- (b) What information must be reported. Entities described in paragraph (a) of this section must report the information as required in §60.15(b) of this part.

- (c) What information may be reported, if known. Entities described in paragraph (a) of this section should report, if known, the information as described in §60.15(c) of this part.
- (d) Access to documents. Each state must provide the Secretary (or an entity designated by the Secretary) with access to the documents underlying the actions described in paragraphs (a)(1) through (4) of this section, as may be necessary for the Secretary to determine the facts and circumstances concerning the actions and determinations for the purpose of carrying out section 1921
- (e) Sanctions for failure to report. Any health plan that fails to report information on another adjudicated action or decision required to be reported under this section will be subject to a civil money penalty (CMP) of not more than \$25,000 for each such action not reported. Such penalty will be imposed and collected in the same manner as CMPs under subsection (a) of section 1128A of the Social Security Act. The Secretary will provide for publication of a public report that identifies those government agencies that have failed to report information on other adjudicated actions as required to be reported under this section.

Subpart C—Disclosure of Information by the National Practitioner Data Bank

§ 60.17 Information which hospitals must request from the National Practitioner Data Bank.

- (a) When information must be requested. Each hospital, either directly or through an authorized agent, must request information from the NPDB concerning a health care practitioner, as follows:
- (1) At the time a health care practitioner applies for a position on its medical staff (courtesy or otherwise) or for clinical privileges at the hospital; and
- (2) Every 2 years for any health care practitioner who is on its medical staff (courtesy or otherwise) or has clinical privileges at the hospital.
- (b) Failure to request information. Any hospital which does not request the information as required in paragraph (a) of this section is presumed to have